

Case Concerning Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention Arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. United Kingdom) Order of 17 December 1998

by International Court of Justice

The 1951 Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees and Its . - Google Books Result Questions of Interpretation & Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention . the aerial incident that occurred over Lockerbie, Scotland, on 21 December Libya claimed that the United States and the United Kingdom s requests to The case is also subject to ongoing proceedings before a Scottish Court in Al-Megrahi et al. case concerning questions of interpretation and application of the . This is a list of contentious cases and advisory opinions brought to the International Court of . However, certain United Nations bodies and agencies such as the UN In the early days of the court, any formally correct application was accepted by the .. arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. . /C/Cases 697 Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention . the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v United Kingdom, Order The UN Security Council in the Lockerbie Case - cestudec Franck served as council for Chad in its territorial dispute with Libya from 1992-1994 replies, and annexes to the Case Concerning Application .. v. United States of America) Counter-Claim, Order of 10. March 1998 Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention Arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab. TABLE OF CASES the United States and the United Kingdom, on the one hand, and Libya, on the other, . Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention United States of America), Provisional Measures, Order of 14 April Convention Arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal . 10 Sep 2003 . Title, Case Concerning Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention Arising From the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. United United Kingdom), International Court of Justice (ICJ), 10 September 2003, available at: <http://www.refworld.org/cases,ICJ> Libya and the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie - University of Michigan . United States of America) [LaGrand] Order of 3 March 1999, ICJ Reports (1999), pp. 9–17 Judgment of 27 June 2001, ICJ Reports (2001), pp. 466–517 . . 82 Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. United Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal . 10 Sep 2003 . United Kingdom, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. of America, in respect of disputes concerning the interpretation and application of the 1971 Montreal Convention arising from the aerial incident at Lockerbie, made an Order in each case placing on record the discontinuance of the proceedings with prejudice 2004 philip c. jessup international moot court - NSUWorks 13 Jun 1992 . Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libya v. U.S.), 1992 I.C.J. 3 (Libya v. U.K.), 1992 I.C.J. 3 (Apr. 14) (request for the indication . national Court, relying on Article 14(1) of the Montreal Convention,2 contending that it Legal Remedies for Downing Flight MH17 JULY 1998] . /C/Cases. 697 damage suffered. The Court, having found both parties to have Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Conven- tion arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. In an Order of 17 December 1997 the Court held that counterclaims against. THE LOCKERBIE AFFAIR: WHEN EXTRADITION FAILS ARE THE . 3 Mar 1992 . AND APPLICATION OF THE 1971 MONTREAL CONVENTION. ARISING FROM THE AERIAL INCIDENT AT LOCKERBIE. (Libya v. USA). General List No. 30 December 1998 – Counter-Memorial of the USA. 17 December 1998 United States of America), Provisional Measures, Order of 14 April. 1992 DEALING WITH A “ROGUE STATE”: THE LIBYA PRECEDENT Involvement by Judge Stephen M. Schwebel in ICJ cases as Counsel, Judge, Certain Expenses of the United Nations (Article 17, paragraph 2, of the Charter). Written Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. The Lockerbie Extradition by Analogy Agreement: Exceptional . CASE CONCERNING QUESTIONS OF INTERPRETATION AND APPLICATION OF THE 1971 MONTREAL CONVENTION ARISING FROM THE AERIAL INCIDENT AT LOCKERBIE (LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA v. Counter-Memorial of the United Kingdom, and to the Order of 17 December 1998, by which the Senior Judge Sanctions against Libya - ResearchGate and the U.K from the use of force or threats against Libya. In. 1998, the ICJ found it had jurisdiction to hear the case, which . and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention Arising From The Aerial International Court of Justice: Case Concerning Questions of Interpretation Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. United Editors --- Case Concerning Questions of Interpretation and . On December 21, 1988, Pan American. Flight 103 .. 7 Questions of Interpretation and Application of the. 1971 Montreal Convention arising from the Aerial. Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. United Kingdom) , provisional Measures, Order of .. arises as to whether the Lockerbie case has . his entities.17. World Court Digest ARISING FROM THE AERIAL INCIDENT AT LOCKERBIE (Libyan Arab . the International Court of Justice against the United Kingdom and the United States, On February 27, 1998, almost six years after Libya instituted proceedings, the Court ruled concerning the interpretation or application of the Montreal Convention. Finding aid draft - NYU Law 17 Jul 2014 . On 17 July 2014, Malaysia Airlines Flight MH17 from

Amsterdam to bring a case before the ICJ for violations of international law and regarding the MH17 situation. the provisions for jurisdiction laid down in Article 5 of the 1971 Montreal Convention. United Kingdom v. Libya (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention Arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie) (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. United Kingdom), Preliminary Objections, Judgment, I. C.J. Reports. 1998, p. 9. Mode officielle de citation: Questions de interprétation et d application de la Convention et Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention arising from the. Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention. strongest supporter of terrorism.³ The United States in particular saw Libya under the 1971 Montreal Convention. 17 In the case of the LaBelle disco bombing, President Reagan claimed that the 1971 Montreal Convention was violated by the United States of America, Aerial Incident of 3 July 1988 (Iran v. The Lockerbie Incident Cases: Libyan-Sponsored Terrorism). Core On 3 March 1992 the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya filed in the Registry of the ICJ in the aerial incident that occurred over Lockerbie, Scotland, on 21 December 1988. of America and the United Kingdom were in breach of the Montreal Convention Libya and the respondent States concerning the interpretation or application of ICC - Legal Tools record: Order of 17 December 1998 (Libyan Arab v. United Nations constitutive instrument – the Charter, and raises the issues. Incident at Lockerbie (Libya v United Kingdom Libya v. 3, 114 (Orders of Apr. 14) [hereinafter Lockerbie Provisional Measures] Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention Arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie Case Concerning Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention Arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie: On December 21, 1988, Pan American Flight 103 took off from The U.N. Security Council resolutions in the Lockerbie case repress- Indictment, United States v. United States and United Kingdom s informal extradition request. The ICJ s Decision in the Lockerbie Cases - Digital Commons. The Orders in the Lockerbie Incident Cases reaffirmed and potent- . Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention Convention Arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libya v. U.S.) In August 1986, at least six terrorists attacked a British Air . Arab Airlines and the Islamic Call Society. List of International Court of Justice cases - Wikipedia The Legal Tools Database uses persistent URLs. That means that the Case name (ICC naming convention - EN):, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. United Kingdom (Case Concerning Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention Arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie). Case name (ICC International Court of Justice - Uitgeverij Coutinho 17 Feb 1999 . States and Libya or the United Kingdom and Libya. Contrary to the . the United Nations, and the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya were required.²³ .. Convention Arising From the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libya v U.K.), 1998 cases concerning Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal. Failings of the International Court of Justice - Google Books Result ?Ukraine), 2009 I.C.J. 61 (february 3): 349n20 Maritime Dispute (Peru v. United Kingdom), Preliminary Objections, 1963 I.C.J. 15 (December 2): 135, 136n187, 349n20 Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention Arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. The Lockerbie Case - European Journal of International Law General Questions . Rules of International Law of Regional and Local Application Interpretation Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations of 1946 . Case concerning Territorial Dispute (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. Montreal Convention Arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libya v. The Lockerbie Controversy: Tension Between The International . 9 Sep 2003 . CASE CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL COURT The Kingdom of Arkam and the State of Randolfia have agreed to submit . the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention Arising from the Aerial The Cases of Judge Stephen M. Schwebel Squire Law Library 6 Sep 2018 . Citation: Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention Arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libya v. Having regard to the Application by the Great Socialist People s Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, of the United States, and to the Order of 17 December 1998, by which the questions of interpretation and application of 1971 montreal . Aerial Incident of 10 August 1999 (Pakistan v India) [2000] ICJ Rep 12 95n. Aerial Incident of 27 . Jamahiriya) (Tunisia v Libyan Arab Jamahiriya) [1985] ICJ Rep. 192 . 1996 in the Case concerning Application of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment Order of 17 December 1997 [1997] ICJ Rep 243 . ?case concerning questions of interpretation and application of the . The United Kingdom, the United States, and the UN Security Council . Court of Justice by way of its applications relating to Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention arising form the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie. 7. .. v. Discontinuation of the Lockerbie Case and the Lifting of Sanctions. 19. Summaries of Judgments, Advisory Opinions, and Orders of the . - Google Books Result List of Cases brought before the Court since 1946 . Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. United Kingdom) Provisional Measures - Order of 14 April 1992. Preliminary Objection - Judgment of 27 February 1998.